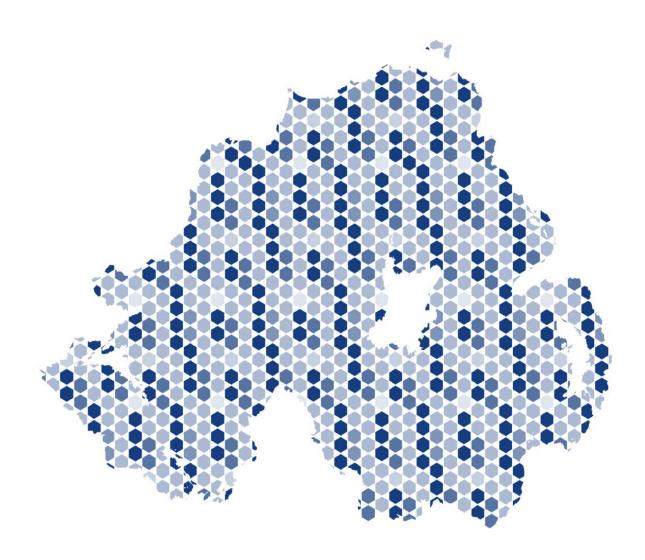
POST-PRIMARY INSPECTION



Education and Training Inspectorate

Belfast Boys' Model School

All-Boys' Controlled School

Report of an Inspection in November 2015



Providing Inspection Services for

Department of Education

Department for Employment and Learning

Department of Culture, Arts and Leisure





Quantitative terms used by the Education and Training Inspectorate

In this report, proportions may be described as percentages, common fractions and in more general quantitative terms. Where more general terms are used, they should be interpreted as follows:

Almost/nearly all	-	more than 90%
Most	-	75%-90%
A majority	-	50%-74%
A significant minority	-	30%-49%
A minority	-	10%-29%
Very few/a small number	-	less than 10%

Performance levels

The Education and Training Inspectorate (ETI) use the following performance levels when reporting on Achievement and standards, on Provision for learning and on Leadership and management:

Outstanding
Very good
Good
Important area(s) for improvement
Requires significant improvement
Requires urgent improvement

Overall effectiveness

The ETI use one of the following inspection outcomes when evaluating the overall effectiveness of the school:

The school has a high level of capacity for sustained improvement in the interest of all the learners. The ETI will monitor how the school sustains improvement.

The school demonstrates the capacity to identify and bring about improvement in the interest of all the learners. The ETI will monitor how the school sustains improvement.

The school needs to address (an) important area(s) for improvement in the interest of all the learners. The ETI will monitor and report on the school's progress in addressing the area(s) for improvement. There will be a formal follow-up inspection.

The school needs to address urgently the significant areas for improvement identified in the interest of all learners. It requires external support to do so. The ETI will monitor and report on the school's progress in addressing the areas for improvement. There will be a formal follow-up inspection.

Contents

Section	n	Page
1.	Inspection method and evidence base	1
2.	Focus of inspection	1
3.	Context	1
4.	Overall findings of the inspection	2
5.	Achievements and standards	2
6.	Provision for learning	4
7.	Leadership and management	6
8.	Overall effectiveness	7
	Appendix on trends in examination performance and other statistical data	

1. Inspection method and evidence base

The key questions and quality indicators which guide inspection and self-evaluation of post-primary schools, which were applied to this inspection, are available in the ETI publication *Together Towards Improvement: a process for self-evaluation* at: http://www.etini.gov.uk/index/together-towards-improvement/together-towards-improvement-post-primary.htm.

Inspectors observed learning and teaching, scrutinised documentation, data and the pupils' written work and held formal and informal discussions with pupils (individually and in groups), teachers and staff with specific responsibilities.

The arrangements for this inspection included a meeting with representatives from the governors and the opportunity for all parents, teaching and support staff to complete a confidential questionnaire.

A few parents (1%) and 61% of the staff (43) responded to the online questionnaire. All the staff who responded affirmed the work of the school and a small number who provided additional comment reported positively on how the leadership's focus on providing high quality staff development and support was developing their capacity as teachers and leaders. A majority of the parents who responded affirmed the work of the school and a small number who provided comment said their sons were happy in school. A small number of issues raised in the parents' questionnaire were reported to the principal and governors.

2. Focus of inspection

In order to promote improvement in the interests of all pupils, the purpose of inspection is, through effective linking of internal and external approaches, to:

- evaluate the quality of the provision and the outcomes for the pupils;
- evaluate the school's leadership and management and its capacity to effect and sustain improvement in its provision and standards; and
- inform the school's planning for improvement.

In addition to the focus on English/literacy and mathematics/numeracy, there was a supplementary subject focus on occupational studies in this inspection.

3. Context

Belfast Boys' Model School draws its pupils from a wide catchment area across north and west Belfast. It is oversubscribed at entry into year 8, where the proportion of pupils who have achieved at, or above, the expected levels in literacy and numeracy is notably low. The school is growing the number of pupils who are enrolled at year 14.

Just under one-third of the pupils require additional support with aspects of their learning; a significant number of pupils (85) have statements of educational need. Over the last three years, the proportion of pupils entitled to free school meals has risen to 56%. The school prides itself on strong statutory and community links and it has been designated a full service extended school since 2006¹.

¹ The ETI inspected the school in 2013 as part of a full service extended school and full service community network survey and it is suggested that this report be read in conjunction with the survey report, which can be accessed at: http://www.etini.gov.uk/an-evaluation-of-full-service-extended-schools-and-full-service-community-network

Belfast Boys' Model School	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Year 8 Intake	146	165	152	170
Enrolment	930	943	969	968
% Attendance (NI Average)	91% (91.3%)	91.8% (92%)	91.3% (N/A)	N/A (N/A)
FSME Percentage ²	42%	40%	54%	56%
% and (Number) of pupils on SEN register	28.6% (266)	45.1% (426)	49.4% (496)	31.4% (304)
No. of pupils with statements of educational needs in the mainstream school	36	50	70	85
No. of pupils with statements of educational needs in the Learning Support Centre (if appropriate)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
No. of newcomers	10	10	20	20
Intake ³ :			•	
% of Y8 pupils with L5 English	*	0	#	#
% of Y8 pupils with L5 mathematics	6	*	#	#
% of Y8 pupils with L4 and above in English	53	49	#	#
% of Y8 pupils with L4 and above in mathematics	58	50	#	#

Source: data as held by the school.

4. Overall findings of the inspection

Overall Effectiveness	Capacity to identify and bring about improvement
Achievements and standards	Good
Provision for learning	Very Good
Leadership and management	Very Good

5. Achievements and standards

• Almost all of the pupils engage enthusiastically with their learning and demonstrate high levels of motivation to succeed. They are courteous and respectful towards each other, the staff and visitors to the school. The pupils develop increasing levels of independence, self-confidence and educational aspiration as they acquire the knowledge, understanding and skills to achieve the ambitious academic and pastoral targets they have agreed with their teachers. They are proud of their school and leave it well prepared for the next stage of their learning and for wider civic participation.

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^{*} fewer than 5 N/A not available

² The term 'FSME Percentage' refers to the percentage of pupils entitled to free school meals.

³ From 2013, KS2 standards in English and mathematics are reported as Levels of Progression in Communication and Using Mathematics and cannot be compared directly with KS2 data from previous years

- The pupils benefit significantly from an extensive range of sporting, cultural and tailored community activities, which develop further their personal and social skills. The pupils' engagement in these activities impacts positively on attendance and participation levels, which are on a rising trend. Similarly, the pupils benefit well from increasing access to leadership experiences, which include involvement in restorative justice initiatives, mentoring and community engagement.
- The standards attained by the pupils in English are good. There has been a significant improvement in attainment at grades A* to C in GCSE English language over the last five years and the three year trend reflects that performance is almost in line with the Northern Ireland (NI) average for similar non-selective schools. The pupils show good levels of engagement and can read and write with increasing confidence and accuracy as they progress through the school.
- The standards attained by the pupils in mathematics are good, with an upward trend. Over the last three years, the school's performance in GCSE mathematics at grades A* to C has been above the NI average for similar non-selective schools. The pupils enjoy their learning in mathematics and work well independently and collaboratively.
- The standards attained by the pupils in occupational studies are good. They develop and apply good practical skills and their files show that most of them are making good progress in the development of critical evaluation skills over the duration of the programme. The pupils work very effectively both independently and in small groups, display enjoyment in their work, demonstrate increasing levels of confidence and resilience and aspire to achieve to the best of their ability.
- In two out of the last three years, the percentage of pupils attaining five or more GCSE examinations or equivalent at grades A* to C has been in line with or well above the NI average for similar non-selective schools in the same free school meals band. The percentage of pupils attaining five or more GCSEs or equivalent, including English and mathematics, has remained steady over the last three years and is at, or above, the NI average for similar schools.
- There is variation in the standards attained by the pupils in individual subjects at GCSE grades A* to C. Just over one-half of the subjects are in line with or above their respective three-year NI averages. In contrast, a small number is below the NI average and seven of the subjects are more than ten percentage points below the three-year NI average.
- Over the last three years, the percentage of pupils attaining three or more GCE A levels at grades A* to C has been consistently at, or above, the NI average for similar non-selective schools. The performance of most of the individual subjects at GCE A level is below the respective three-year NI averages for all schools at grades A* to C. At grades A*-E, however, over one-half of the subjects are performing above the all schools' averages.

- The attainment of the significant number of pupils entitled to free school meals has been steady over the last three years, with around 30% of them achieving five or more GCSEs at grades A* to C including English and mathematics, which is in line with the NI average. In the same period, a majority of the pupils who require additional support with their learning achieved five or more GCSEs at grades A* to C, with a minority achieving five or more GCSEs at grades A* to C including English and mathematics.
- In 2014/15, the proportion of year 12 pupils who progressed to year 13 is well above the corresponding NI average, but the proportion of year 13 pupils who progress to year 14 is well below the average, due to a number of pupils leaving school after completing their Level 2 qualifications. Just over 85% of year 13 pupils returned to complete their Level 3 courses, which is a better outcome. Significantly, the proportion of pupils who enter higher education, on completion of GCE A2 level study, is well above the NI average for similar schools.
- Improving pupil attainment in public examinations has been prioritised by the school and there is a longer-term rising trend due to recent improvements in English and mathematics outcomes and through the establishment of a more enabling applied and vocational curriculum. The school recognises the need to continue to address the unduly high variation in standards across some subject areas and to improve the efficacy of intervention strategies to support those pupils at risk of low or underachievement, and to challenge ineffective practice where appropriate.

6. Provision for learning

- Four-fifths of the lessons observed during the inspection were good or better and it is noteworthy that over one-third (36%) of all of the lessons observed were evaluated as very good or better. This highly effective practice is underpinned by a whole-school strategy that strives to ensure that all pupils are ready-to-learn and that learning and teaching is informed well by pupil feedback on the pedagogy they experience. This highly effective practice is characterised by: well planned, innovative teaching strategies that meet the pupils' needs; incisive questioning by the teachers to extend their knowledge and understanding; and learning that optimises the pupils' inquisitiveness and interests. Consequently, there is better pupil engagement and progression in learning.
- In one-fifth of the lessons observed, there were important areas for improvement.
 This less effective practice had insufficient detail and depth of planning to meet
 the needs of all pupils across the ability range, which resulted in activities that
 lacked a meaningful context and which led to a small number of pupils to pupil
 disengage.
- Most pupils benefit well from the effectiveness of the teachers' planning and assessment practices. The most effective planning had a sharp focus on learning, rather than planning an activity. Appropriate assessment strategies, including effective marking for improvement, are used well by teachers to support the pupils' learning in the classroom. Whilst the teachers correct work regularly and diligently, in some subjects the pupils do not receive enough specific evaluative feedback to help them improve the standard of their work. The use of assessment data at whole-school level to set appropriate targets and to track the progress of individual pupils is having a positive impact on identifying need, ensuring swift intervention and securing more successful outcomes. Of particular note are the recently introduced arrangements to provide additional support in English and mathematics for a significant number of the pupils.

- The quality of the provision for learning in English is good. The effectively planned opportunities for purposeful talking and listening and the range of learning and teaching strategies adopted by the teachers result in a vibrant learning environment that enables the pupils to make good progress and to develop and apply creative, analytical and evaluative skills.
- Literacy has a high priority in the school and is promoted effectively to ensure standards in oral and written communication are high across all aspects of the curriculum. The pupils benefit from a focus on talk-to-learn, which underpins a significant amount of the more effective learning and teaching across the curriculum.
- The quality of the mathematics provision is good. Lessons are well structured and mostly effective, the pupils settle quickly and work independently and in purposeful paired or group activities, where their mathematical oracy is developed well.
- Appropriate policies and action plans are in place to develop the pupils' numeracy skills within and across subject areas. As a result,, the pupils benefit from an increasingly more coherent approach towards the promotion and acquisition of numeracy skills.
- Although the proportion of pupils who require additional support with aspects of their learning seems to have declined over the last three years to around 31%, this masks recently introduced arrangements that provide support to a significant number of pupils who require help with English and mathematics, where the school keeps these pupils under close scrutiny
- The quality of the provision for learning in occupational studies is good. The
 pupils make good progress through active engagement in a wide range of
 innovative learning and teaching strategies, where expectation for success is
 high and the teachers instil a sense of belief in the pupils to reach their full
 potential.
- The arrangements for the care and support of the pupils in the school are highly effective. The skilful harnessing of past pupils as role models, the quality and depth of the integrated guidance and the successful extension of care and support to the wider family and the local community supports significantly the pupils' learning and their personal and social development. Through the inclusive student council, the volunteering and mentoring programmes along with their roles as anti-bullying ambassadors, the pupils engage in active democracy, develop independence and leadership skills and contribute meaningfully to the improvement of their school and local community.
- A particular strength of the school's provision is the well conceived preventative curriculum, which is effectively underpinned by immediate access to a range of support mechanisms forged from strong, highly-developed partnerships with an extensive range of external agencies. As a result, the pupils display high levels of confidence and resilience and are prepared well to be informed and effective citizens.

- A strategic approach across the full service extended school to identifying and lowering the barriers to learning for all pupils has been established. The pupils who require additional support with aspects of their learning benefit from the school's innovative approaches to consultative, co-ordinated, tailored programmes of support. Positive, respectful relationships are key to the success of the nurturing centres and there is a clear focus on developing the pupils' life skills to ensure that they interact confidently with their peers and staff and can engage well in their learning.
- The school gives a high priority to developing a curriculum which is both relevant and responsive to the wide-ranging needs and abilities of the pupils. The curriculum supports well the pupils' holistic progression: it provides them with engaging, purposeful experiences which develop them academically, personally and socially. The qualifications offered have a high degree of currency with employers and with third-level education providers, ensuring that the pupils have access to appropriate progression routes. The school meets the requirements of the Entitlement Framework, the provision being significantly enhanced through a well established consortium arrangement with Belfast Model School for Girls and effective collaboration among the other schools in the North Belfast Area Learning Community.
- The pupils benefit from a highly effective programme of careers education, information, advice and guidance. It is planned systematically and meets well the needs and career aspiration of all of the pupils. The school has well developed relationships with industry, business and public and voluntary services, which enhance the provision of high quality work-related learning experiences for the pupils. From year 8 onwards, in partnership with parents, the pupils are supported in developing increasingly effective personal goal-setting and career planning skills. Consequently, they are equipped with the confidence and self-awareness to aim highly and to make appropriate, well-considered choices for their future.

7. Leadership and management

- Leadership and management is a strength and the pastoral and academic work of the school is deliberately dove-tailed tightly and coherently. There is an over-arching sense of care, integrity and high ambition for raising further the educational aspirations and expectations of the pupils and of the wider community. A sharp vision on sustaining a culture of continuing improvement permeates all aspects of the curricular and pastoral leadership, ensuring the provision meets the increasingly complex needs of all of the pupils and provides them pupils with the opportunity to succeed.
- Appropriate priorities for school improvement are identified through rigorous data analysis and comprehensive and meaningful consultation. The school development plan⁴ and associated action plans, guide well the work of the school in clear, coherent and measurable way.

6

⁴ The school development plan meets the requirements of the School Development Planning Regulations (NI) 2010

- Monitoring and evaluation is systematic and well-embedded. The senior leadership oversees a comprehensive and highly effective programme of professional development (both in-house and externally). This builds staff expertise and capacity and is linked closely to whole-school priorities for improvement, while responding swiftly to pupil need, as barriers to achievement emerge.
- Most of the middle managers provide clear curricular and pastoral leadership within their areas of responsibility. They are receptive to and very appreciative of the opportunities to develop as emerging leaders and the extent to which the senior leadership has invested significantly in their professional development.
- The governors are highly supportive of the life and work of the school. Communication with the principal is very good and governors are informed well about the school's priorities, pupil attainment and the effectiveness of the provision. They are especially proud of the pupils and the dedication of their staff. On the basis of the evidence available at the time of the inspection, the ETI evaluation is that the school and wider community can have confidence in the aspects of governance evaluated.
- On the basis of the evidence available at the time of inspection, the school's
 arrangements for safeguarding young people are comprehensive. These
 arrangements reflect the guidance issued by the Department of Education. The
 pupils reported that they feel safe in school and know what to do if they are
 concerned about their safety or well-being.

8. Overall effectiveness

The school demonstrates the capacity to identify and bring about improvement in the interest of all the learners. The ETI will monitor how the school sustains improvement in:

 addressing the variation in the standards attained by the pupils across the subject departments through improving greater consistency in the quality of learning and teaching.

Examination performance and other statistical data

GCSE and equivalent examination results from 2012-13 to 2014-15

Based on data held by the school in SIMS⁵ and verified with ETI, the table below compares the percentage of year 12 pupils in Belfast Boys' Model School achieving five or more GCSEs at grades A* to C and equivalent subjects, and the percentage of pupils entitled to free school meals, with the NI average for non-selective schools in the same free school meals category⁶.

Data on Year 12 (Key Stage 4) performance:

GCSE and GCSE equivalent subjects - *following permitted exclusions	2013	2014	2015
*Percentage of Year 12 taking GCSE & Equivalents in at least five subjects	95	93	98
*Percentage of Year 12 obtaining Grades C or above in at least five subjects	74	78	57
The NI average for similar schools in the same free school meals category ⁷	74	65.5	N/A
*Percentage of Year 12 obtaining Grades C or above in at least five subjects including GCSE English and GCSE Mathematics	36	35	38
The NI average for similar schools in the same free school meals category	33	34.9	N/A
*Percentage of Year 12 obtaining Grades E or above in at least five subjects	73	87	83
Percentage of Year 12 entitled to free school meals achieving five or more GCSEs Grades A* to C or equivalent (including GCSE English and GCSE Mathematics)	28	31	29

OTHER EXAMINATION RESULTS: KEY STAGE 4

Based on data held by the school in SIMS and verified with ETI, the table below shows the percentage of year 12 pupils in Belfast Boys' Model School achieving grades A* to C in vocational/applied courses equivalent to GCSE level. No average is available from the examining boards for the subjects in this table to facilitate comparison.

Other level 2 courses taken in at least two of the last three years.

⁵ SIMS: School Information Management System

⁶ See benchmarking data and guidance contained in the annual DE Circulars on: 'School Development Planning and Target-Setting'

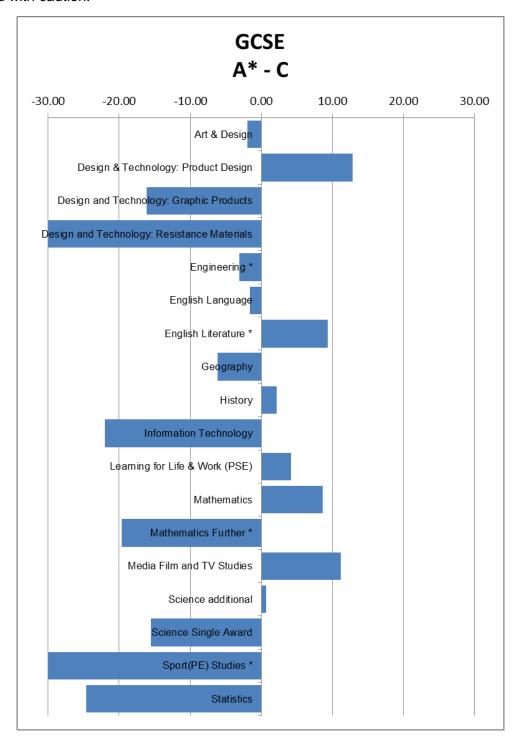
Setting'.

7 See benchmarking data and guidance contained in the DE Circular 2011/03: 'School Development Planning and Target-Setting'.

Level 2	2013 % pass	2014 % pass	2015 % pass	Total entry over 3 years
BTEC Level 2 Extended Certificate in Public Services	100	100	98.2	222
National Award in Science	100	100	N/A	173
BTEC Level 2 Award in Principles of Applied Science	N/A	100	62.5	51
National Award in Sport	93	100	N/A	47
Occupational Studies	64	66	30	303
Level 2 Certificate in Performance Skills	100	100	N/A	20
Level 2 National Award in IT	100	100	N/A	150
Level 2 National First Award in IT	15	25	N/A	45

Attainment of pupils in individual subjects at GCSE level at grades A* to C from 2012-13 to 2014-15

Based on data held by the school in SIMS and verified with ETI, the average over three years of the percentage of pupils achieving at GCSE level at grades A* to C in individual subjects in Belfast Boys' Model School is compared with the three-year NI average for similar non-selective schools. A positive value (to the right) shows that the average individual subject performance is above the NI average. The number of entries to each subject will vary considerably and therefore comparisons between subjects should be treated with caution.



^{*}Indicates fewer than 30 entries over 3 years.

GCE A level examination results at grades A* to C from 2012-13 to 2014-15

Based on data held by the school in SIMS and verified with ETI, the table below shows the percentage of year 14 pupils in Belfast Boys' Model School achieving three or more GCE A levels at grades A* to C, and two or more GCE A levels at grades A* to E. The table compares the percentage of pupils achieving three or more GCEs at grades A* to C with the NI average for non-selective schools in the same free school meals category⁸.

Data on Year 14 (A2) performance:

GCE A Level or equivalent	2013	2014	2015
Percentage of Year 14 taking A2 levels & Equivalents in at least three subjects	100	100	100
Percentage of Year 14 obtaining Grades C or above in at least three A2 levels	34	53	46
The NI average for similar schools in the same free school meals category	34	40	N/A
Percentage of Year 14 obtaining Grades E or above in at least two A2 levels	100	100	100

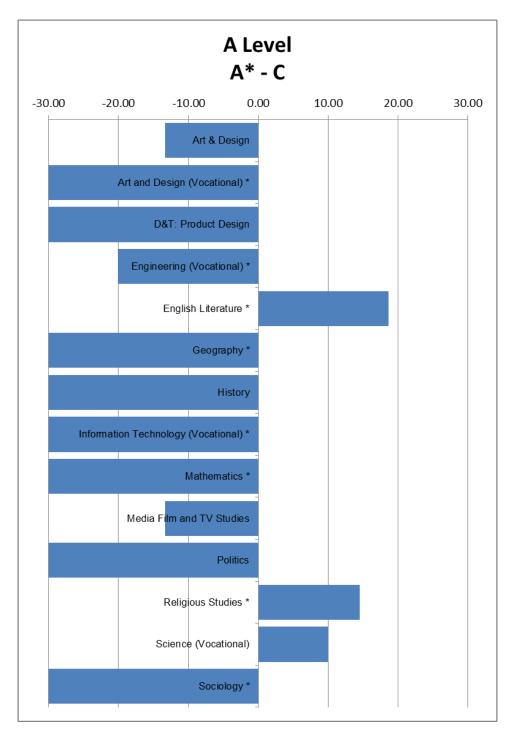
Source: Data as held and verified by the school, with DE benchmarks.

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⁸ See benchmarking data and guidance contained in the annual DE Circulars on: 'School Development Planning and Target-Setting'.

Attainment of pupils in individual subjects at GCE A level at grades A* to C from 2012-13 to 2014-15

Based on data held by the school in SIMS and verified with ETI, the average over three years of the percentage of pupils achieving at GCE A level at grades A* to C in individual subjects in Belfast Boys' Model School is compared with the three-year NI average for similar non-selective schools. A positive value (to the right) shows that the average individual subject performance is above the NI average. The number of entries to each subject will vary considerably and therefore comparisons between subjects should be treated with caution.



^{*}indicates fewer than 20 entries over 3 years

OTHER EXAMINATION RESULTS: POST-16

Other level 3 courses taken in at least two of the last three years.

Level 3	2013	2014	2015	Total entry over 3	
Level 3	% pass	% pass	% pass	years	
BTEC Level 3 Diploma in Travel & Tourism	N/A	100	100	12	
BTEC Level 3 Subsidiary Diploma in Travel & Tourism	N/A	100	100	26	
BTEC Level 3 Subsidiary Diploma in Public Services	100	100	100	50	
BTEC Level 3 Certificate in IT	100	100	100	47	
BTEC Level 3 Subsidiary Diploma in IT	100	100	100	43	
BTEC Level 3 Subsidiary Diploma in Business	100	100	N/A	2	
Advanced Subsidiary in Music Technology	100	N/A	50	5	

Staying on rate

Based on data held in SIMS by the school and verified with ETI, the table below shows the percentage of the pupils who stay on at this school from year 12 to year 13 and then from year 13 to year 14, compared with the NI average for non-selective schools. This data is from school census returns to the Department of Education for the most recent year for which data is available.

	NI Average	School
% Yr 12 staying on to Yr 13	52.9	94.5
% Yr 13 staying on to Yr 14	79.5	64

Leavers' destinations

Based on data held by the school and verified with ETI, the table below shows the percentage of all of the pupils from Belfast Boys' Model School who leave school to enter further education, higher education or employment, or are seeking employment, compared with the average for non-selective schools.

	School	NI	Level 2 (No.)	Level 3 (No.)	Level 4 (No.)
Total Number of Leavers	123	13187			
Employment	5.7%	8.8%			
Further Education	23.6%	46.0%	16	13	
Higher Education	31.7%	21.2%			31
Work-based Learning (Training)	35.0%	16.9%			
Unemployed	4.1%	3.6%			
Unknown	0.0%	3.6%			

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